



Global Alliance
for Genomics & Health
Collaborate. Innovate. Accelerate.

GA4GH:

**Empowering personalized health
through data sharing**

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Genomics = Science?



The world is changing

Percentage of whole genome and exome sequencing funded solely by healthcare

2012

~1%

2017

~20%

2022

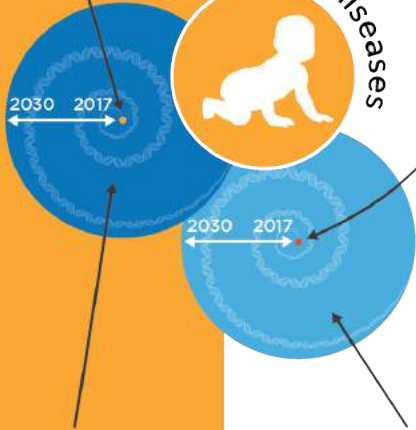
>80%

2017

30,000 patients will have their genome sequenced for rare-disease diagnosis

70,000 genomes (patients + relatives) will be sequenced to help rare disease diagnoses

Rare diseases



2030*

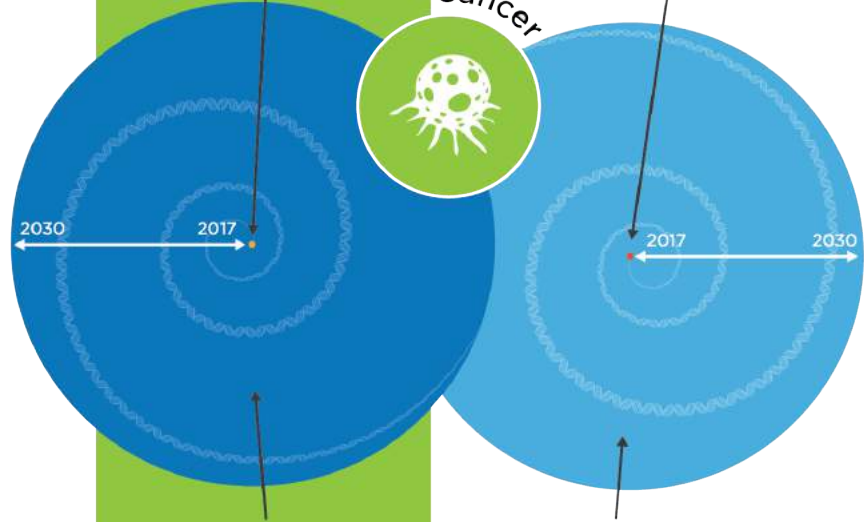
36,223,000 rare disease patients will have their genome sequenced

83,000,000 genomes will be sequenced for rare disease diagnosis

23,000 cancer patients will have their genome sequenced

50,000 genomes will be sequenced for cancer diagnosis

Cancer



123,768,000 cancer patients will have their genome sequenced

248,000,000 genomes will be sequenced for cancer diagnosis

* Projected figures, based on current data and known status of genomics initiatives worldwide.

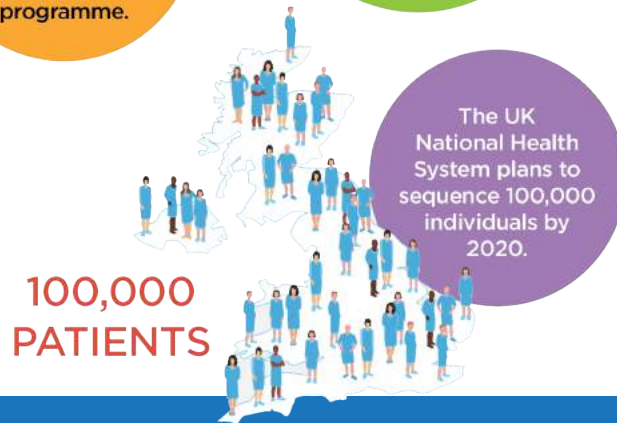
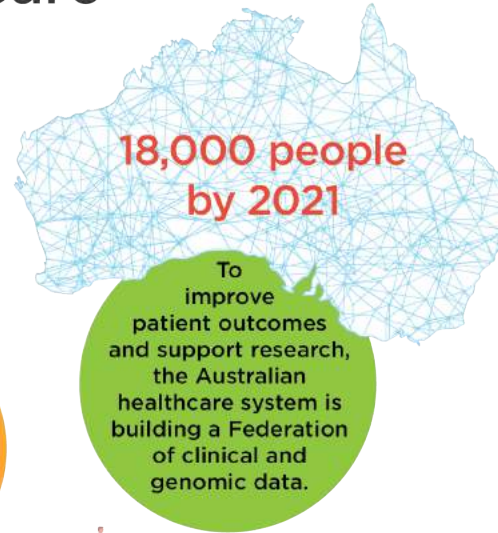
Genomics in Cancer

- When cancer patients have their genomes sequenced it informs clinical decisions ~10% of the time
- The clinical research community is confident this will increase steadily over the coming years

Genomics enters healthcare

In 2017 active genomic medicine programmes are already underway in many countries. Finland, the UK, the US, and Australia are a few examples.

1 MILLION PEOPLE





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Responsibilities

Opportunities

Challenges



Universal Declaration of Human Rights, (1948)

27(1)

“The Right to Science”

“**Everyone has the right** freely to participate in the cultural life of the community, to enjoy the arts and **to share in scientific advancement and its benefits.**”

Responsibility

- Technical knowhow around genomics is in the research community
- Technical knowhow around clinical features and diagnosis is in the clinical community

We have a joint responsibility to make this work
for patients

Opportunity

- If we can enable secondary use of clinical genomic data for research we will have a >60 million virtual cohort by 2025
- Humans will be the best studied organisms on the planet due to healthcare

Opportunities from cohorts of 10M+

1. Diagnose rare disease associated with low frequency alleles
2. Treat heterogeneous diseases like cancer
3. Discover and characterise epistasis
4. Understand selection pressures
5. Understand mutational penetrance in observational studies
6. Understand variation in allele frequency in different environments



Surmountable Challenges

- Healthcare is not used to this type, amount of data; we must draw on skills, learnings of research.
- As genomic datasets grow from terabyte to petabyte to exabyte scale, the community must re-tool.
- Clinical data are not interoperable: differences between individual and international healthcare technical systems. Portable analysis routines must be developed.
- Different nations have unique regulatory requirements that must be met while maximizing data access.

Global Alliance for Genomics & Health



The GA4GH mission



We are an international non-profit that aims to:

“...accelerate progress in genomic research and human health by cultivating a common framework of standards and harmonized approaches for effective and responsible genomic and health-related data sharing.”

The solution is federation

“a grouping of autonomous organisations and datasets with a centralised control”

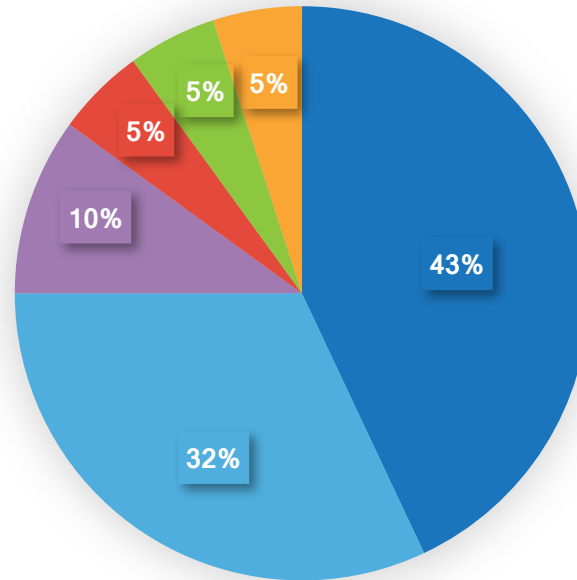
Federation allows us to....

1. move analysis to data, not aggregate data close to each researcher
2. have broad, reciprocal data access methods which respect national processes and patient consent
3. transfer methods and skills into the healthcare sector
4. leverage healthcare data to make more discoveries on humans

What is GA4GH?

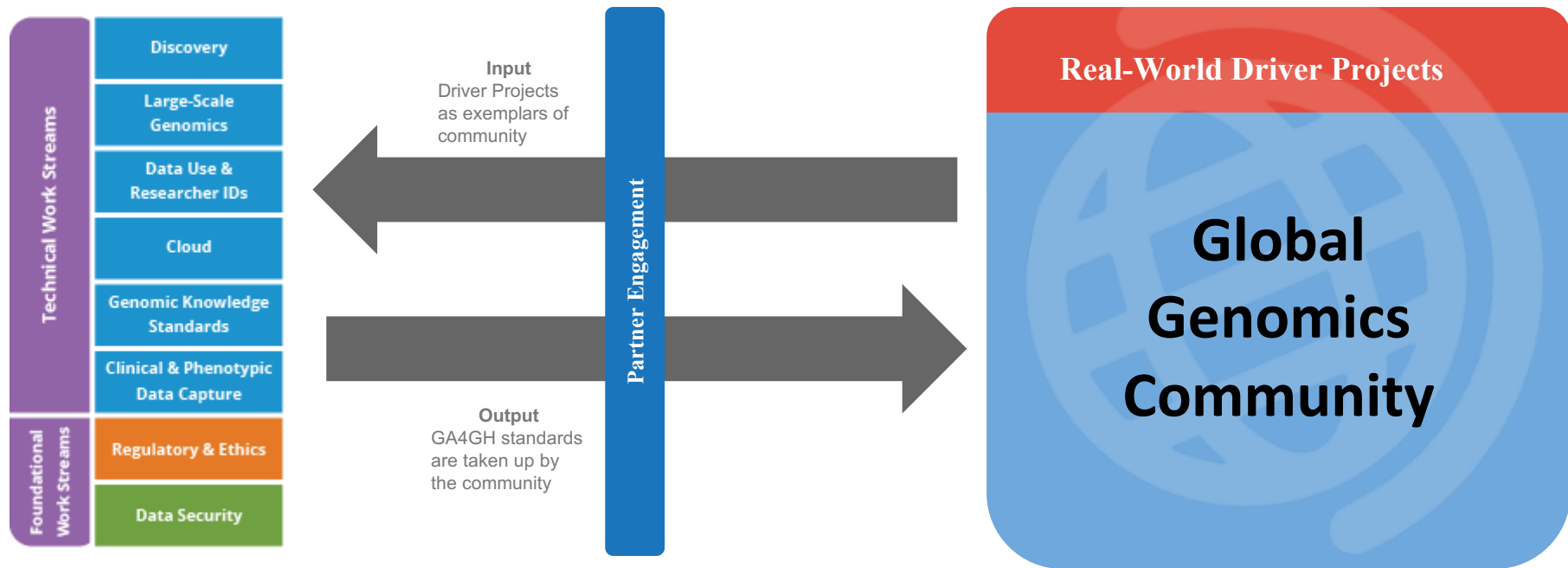


The GA4GH ecosystem



- Life science and information technology companies
- Universities and research institutes
- Academic medical centers and health systems
- Disease advocacy organizations and patient groups
- Consortia and professional societies
- Funders and agencies

GA4GH and the Community



GA4GH Connect: 2017 Driver Projects



All of Us Research Program
United States



Australian Genomics
Australia



BRCA Challenge
International



CanDIG
Canada



ClinGen
United States



ELIXIR Beacon
Europe



ENA / EVA / EGA
Europe



Genomics England
United Kingdom



**HUMAN
CELL
ATLAS**

Human Cell Atlas
International



ICGC-ARGO
International



Matchmaker Exchange
International



Monarch Initiative
International



**National Cancer Institute
Genomic Data Commons**
United States



TOPMed
United States

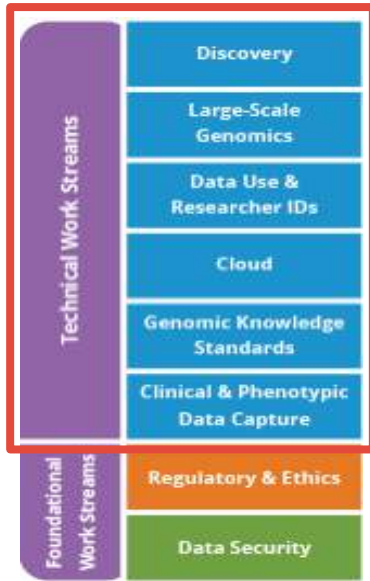


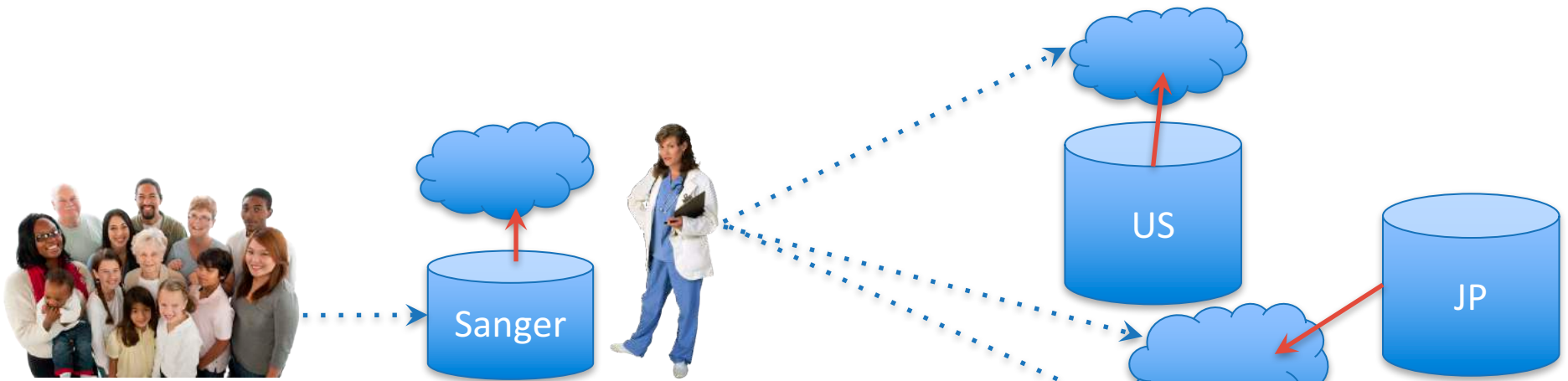
**Variant Interpretation
for Cancer Consortium**
International

Our “Work Streams”

Creating a suite of standards and APIs for genomic data sharing:

- **Cloud:** *Bringing algorithms to the data by creating standards for portable workflows.*
- **Large Scale Genomics:** *Creating standardized methods for accessing large-scale genomic data.*
- **Data Use & Researcher Identities:** *Harmonizing researcher identities and generating a widely applicable data use ontology.*
- **Clinical and Phenotypic Data Capture:** *Establishing standard ontologies and information models to describe clinical the phenotype.*
- **Discovery:** *Creating a unified data discovery platform to accelerate genomics and clinical data access.*
- **Genomic Knowledge Standards:** *Developing standards to represent genomic variants and their annotations.*





- Researcher wants to run new analysis method on >10M genomes; Sanger only has 1 million on site.
- More data available behind technical, logistical, regulatory and security barriers.
- With GA4GH Solutions: They register and can be electronically authenticated to run their workflow on interoperable data in the cloud on data from all over the world.

The Current GA4GH Toolkit

Genomic Data



- File Formats Standards – VCF/BCF, BAM/SAM/CRAM
- GA4GH Streaming API – htsgget

Regulatory & Ethics



- Framework for Responsible Sharing of Genomic and Health Related Data
- Accountability Policy
- Data Sharing Lexicon
- Consent Policy

Data Security

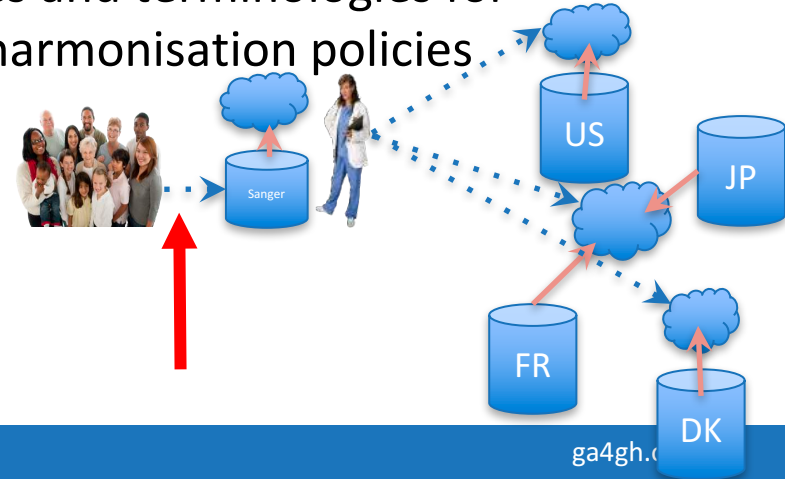


- Security Infrastructure
- Privacy and Security Policy

Clinical and Phenotypic Data Capture

Establish standard ontologies and data models to describe clinical phenotypes

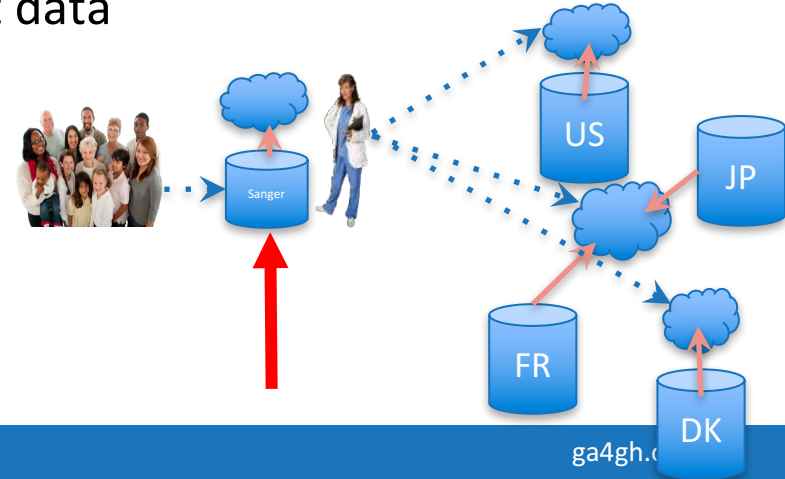
- **Information models for clinical/phenotypic data exchange:** standard to enable the exchange of clinical phenotype information. Alignment with HL7/FHIR
- **Phenotype and disease ontology:** ontologies and terminologies for capturing the clinical phenotype as well as harmonisation policies to enable machine-readability



Genomic Knowledge Standards

Standards-based components for exchange of genomic information

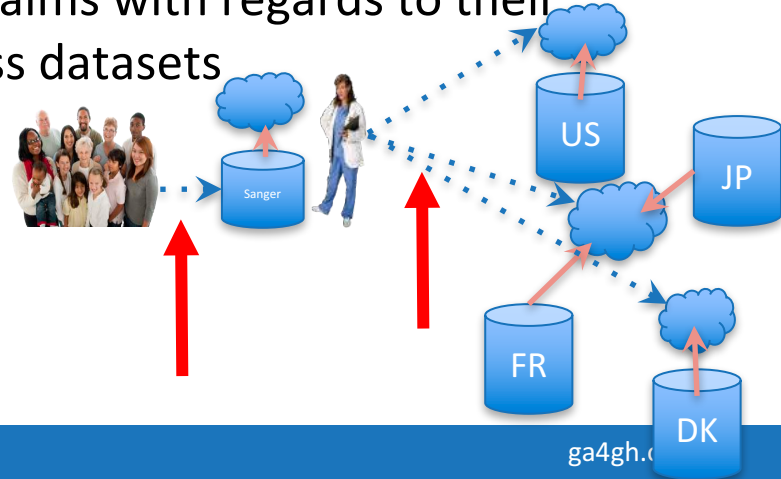
- **Variant representation: data model/specification** extensible data model and message schema specification for the representation of variants
- **Variant annotation: data model** to guide the linkage of annotations and structured clinical interpretations to variant data



Data Use and Research Identity (DURI)

Harmonization of researcher identities

- **Data use ontology:** tag datasets with restrictions about their usage, making them automatically discoverable based on the intended usage
- **Researcher identity and bona fide status:** allow researchers and other users to establish identity and credentials claims with regards to their professional identity to acquire access across datasets



Foundational Work Streams

- **Data Security:** *Developing and using technology standards to protect genomic and related data.*
- **Regulatory and Ethics:** *Providing guidance on the ethical, legal, and social implications of international data sharing.*

GA4GH 2018 Strategic Roadmap...Alignment to F.A.I.R. Principles

Tools for making data...

Findable

- Beacon
- Data Use Ontology
- Internet of genomics
- Reference sequence retrieval
- Search API
- Service Registry
- Tool Registry Service

Accessible

- Authentication and Authorization Infrastructure
- Cloud access policy
- Data Object Service
- Data Use Ontology
- Researcher ID & bona fide status

Interoperable

- Clin/pheno data exchange info models
- Data Object Service
- Genetic variant file formats
- Ontology best practices
- Read file formats
- RNAseq expression matrix
- Variant annotation
- Variant representation
- Variant submission API
- Task Execution Service
- Testbed & interoperability demos
- Tool Registry Service
- Workflow Execution Service

Reusable

- htsget Streaming API
- Variant annotation

With standards genomic medicine will:

- enter clinical practise at a much faster rate
- be less expensive and have reduced risk, decreasing costs to healthcare systems and individuals
- harmonise work around the globe
- reach many more patients worldwide
- be faster to deliver further advances for basic research and human health



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Have ideas?
Want to get involved?

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www.ga4gh.org